

## Meet your facilitators for today's session



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This survey continues the research performed on reimagining work and understanding employee and employer perspectives

August 2020

April 2021

September 2021

April 2022 +

Physical Return and WR Study 2020

WR Employee Study 2021

WR Employer Study 2021 WR 2022 Survey



3,682 employee and709 employer sample size

3 countries surveyed

Key headline: Six major "resets" in key areas of the work experience



16,264 employee sample size

16 countries surveyed

Key headlines: Flexibility is the new normal, the great resignation is coming



1,083 employer sample size

9 countries surveyed

Key headline: Business suffering "commitment issues" on flexible working



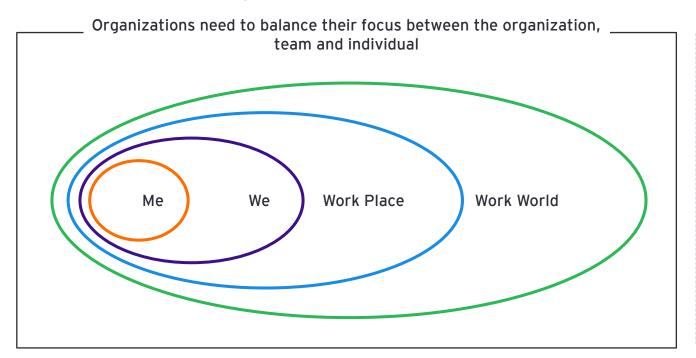
17,101 employee and1,575 employer sample size

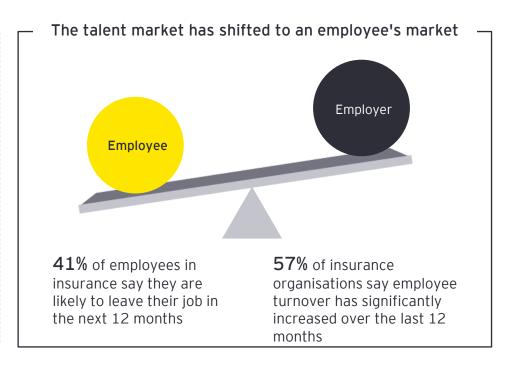
22 countries surveyed

Continued research on work reimagined + evolving themes on talent "fluidity" and sustainability



## **Executive Summary**





### To attract and retain talent in today's market

Clearly define your company culture

Build future proof leaders with the skills to lead teams

Ensure you have the right talent with the right skills

Build a **total rewards package** to retain and attract talent

Address wellness needs of employees

Develop an "in-office experience" that appeals to employees

Evaluate "where"
employees are working and
opportunities to allow
employees to "work from
anywhere"



## The journey to hybrid is being viewed in different ways:

#### **Employer view**



#### Focused on:

- ► Location of work per number of days
- ► How to get their people back to office
- ► Risk mitigation
- Leveraging approach for ESG/cost

#### Big concerns include:

- ► Fairness/equity of new approaches (policy)
- Client service and productivity
- Working together (it's about us)
- Building leader and manager capability

#### **Employee expectations**

#### Focused on:

- 'Where' and 'when' they work
- 'What' they will return to
- Safety
- Return to travel/pay

#### Big concerns include:

- Fairness/equity of new approaches (contract and practice)
- Autonomy and work-life balance
- Working flexibly (its about me)
- Building trust





The people who are coming back into the office now are not the same people who left.

Jared Spataro, Microsoft's vice president for modern wor



### Execution, and the lived experience, of future work strategies has just begun

Over the last 24 months, most corporates have settled on a preliminary view of the 'what' with an executive focus on guidelines for 'how many days' for 'who'.

'The office' is 'work', but more people do some 'from home', more regularly.

Work as a place

'The office' is central to work and organizational effectiveness, with greater degrees, and different types, of remote work in place.

Office as anchor

'The office' optimally connects different modes of work, and employee segments, to each other.

Office as connector

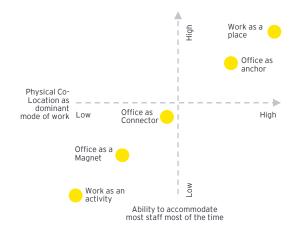
'The office' is not central to work, but is a the center of organizational development and regularly draws people together.

Office as magnet

'The office' is not an important part of work. Space is fluid and virtual effectiveness is everything.

Work as an activity





#### As the world enters a more stable (post?) pandemic status there is more focus on:

#### The 'how'

- Alignment of pandemic/future work initiatives: Relationship between Return to Office, Hybrid and Future Talent strategies
- ▶ Governance: Enterprise vs. Divisional/Geo vs. location (Office) vs. line manager vs. team
- ➤ Segmentation approach: None (employee choice) vs. teams vs. workstyles/personas vs. job families or role analysis
- Autonomy: Full vs. conditional (parameters/workstyles) vs. team work patterns

#### The 'enablers'

- Space: Purpose, size, locations, design, amenities
- Technology: Mixed presence collaboration support, management orchestration and monitoring, and smart buildings
- ▶ People Experience: Work patterns, pay, mobility, talent and DEI



## Overall debate continues to evolve driven by new behaviors/expectations and poor execution

Poor execution and new behaviors have evolved the debate (even if executives haven't noticed)

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Entirely off-premises



Demographics remain the key driver of new behaviours and formulation of and responses to company strategies



Geography



Gender



Seniority



Aae

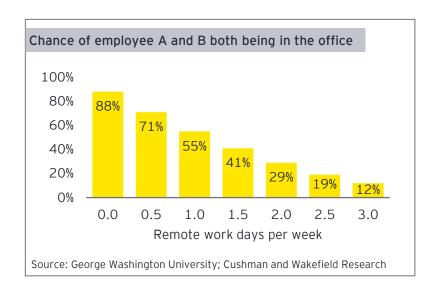


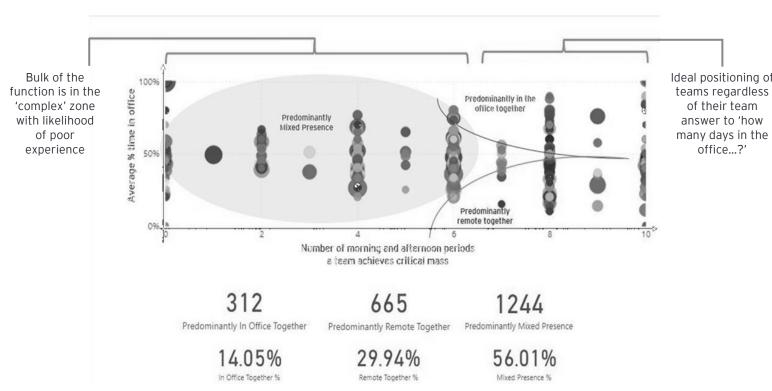
Proximity



### Poor execution is often about a failure to value critical mass leading to poor experiences

Employee/team autonomy must be balanced with minimum orchestration to ensure the critical mass needed to maintain a positive office experience, reduce active management and increase real estate certainty.





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Because everyone is working at different times and in different places, it's important to shift as much work as you can to be asynchronous and get really intentional about the use of the synchronous time you have together.

Jaime Teevan, Microsoft's Chief Scientist.

Example insight of a Corporate Function analysis based on preferred team work patterns

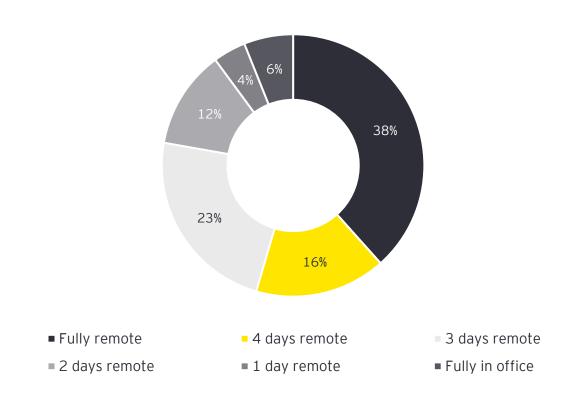
Critical mass (>70% of a team in same 'location') analysis to work types as indicator of complexity/management burden

Higher degrees of orchestrated work patterns will reduce active management, minimize mixed presence interaction, and increase real estate planning certainty.

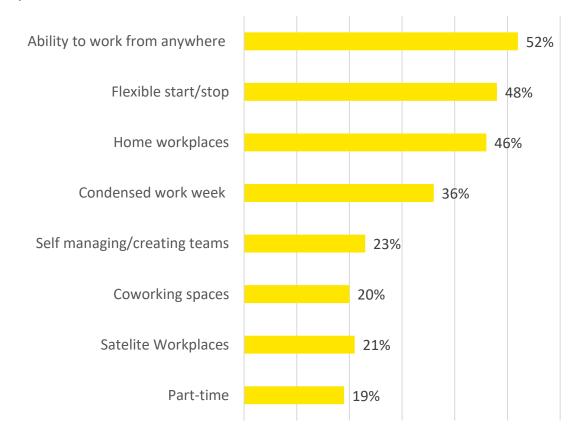


## Insurance employees generally want to work remotely 3 or more days per week and flexibility continues to be broader than just whether employees come into the office or work at home

How many days per week would you like to work remotely when you return to the workplace?

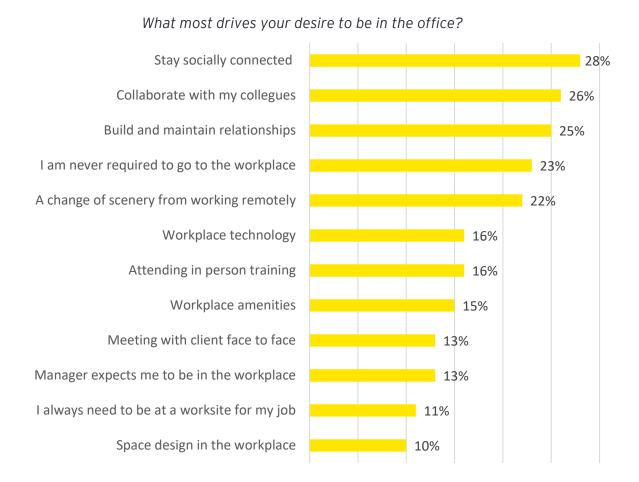


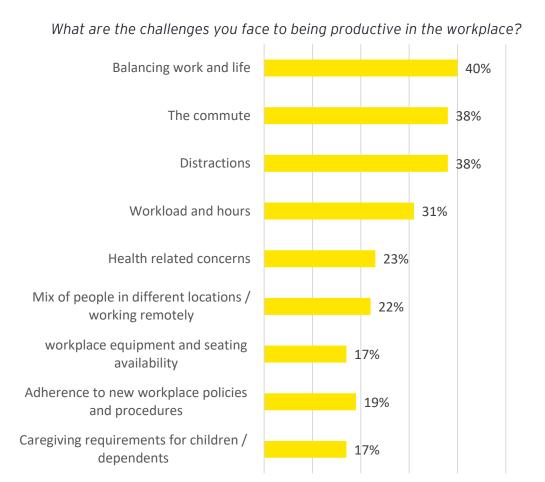
What choices would you want your employer to provide related to where or when you have to work?





### 54% of Insurance employees believe the commute is "worth it" for the in-person interactions

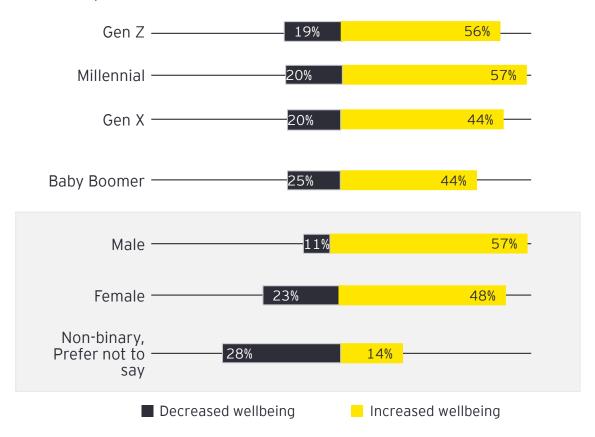




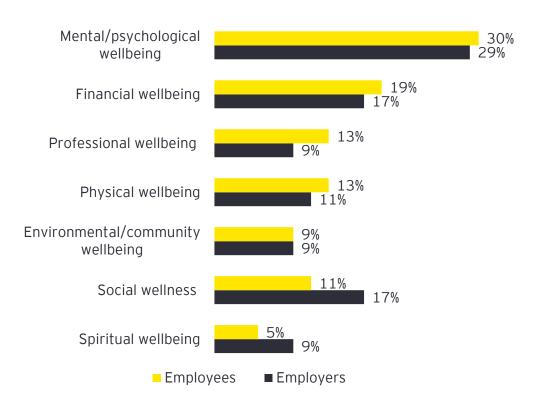


# The pandemic impacted wellbeing at work differently across demographics - Gen Z, who do not identify as male or female and females experienced the greatest decrease in wellbeing

How has your wellbeing been affected as a result of COVID-19 and changes to the ways of work?

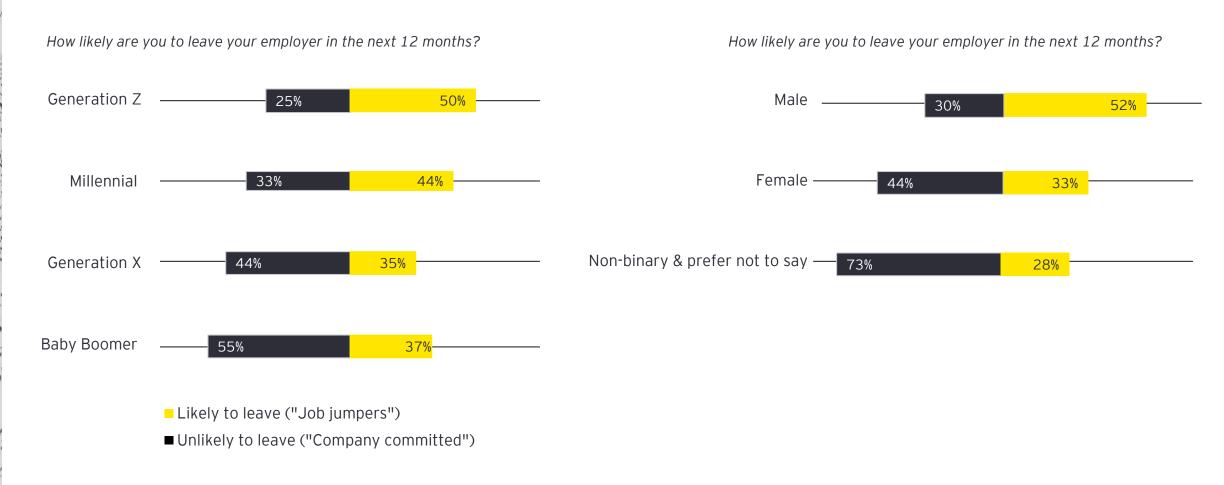


Which single area of well-being do you believe is most critical for further investment by your company?





## In insurance globally gen z and males are most likely to leave their employer in the next 12 months





## Employees in insurance are prioritizing pay and career advancement as 89% of employees are looking to work remotely 2 or more days / week and see flexibility as table stakes

If you would consider another offer, what are the primary reasons you would change jobs?



■ What employees are looking for

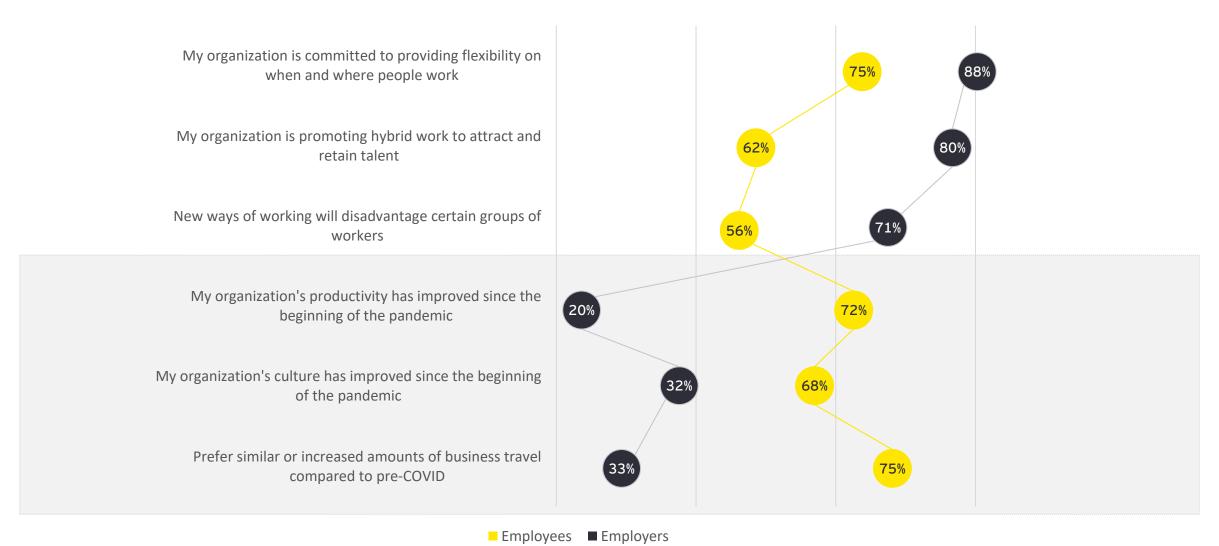
What actions do you believe are needed to address employee turnover at your organization? (select up to three)



■ What employers think employees need



# Insurance employers and employees have divergent views on "Future of Work" globally, particularly around culture and productivity





## The pandemic has decisively put organizational leadership to the test

Leaders navigated through uncharted waters. Covid-19 has changed the working landscape and accelerated an already fast paced digital environment.

## **Emerging Leadership Traits**



Candor



Fact Based Communications



**Empathy** 



**Embrace New Digital Tools** 



Managing Hybrid Teams

Forbes, Dana Brownlee, 7 leadership traits for the post covid-19 workplace

**Communication** - Honest and fact based. Sharing the story with employees the reasons why it is good to be in the office.

**Collaboration** - Ensuring flexibility in the working approach and having some work tasks in person. Leaders to be seen in the office with their employees.

**Critical Thinking** - Have feedback mechanisms with employees to work out problems together. What should start, stop or continue?

**Creativity** - Changing processes and the way people work. Have onboarding in person with inductions and then switch to a hybrid model.



## Putting it all together

Hybrid working is here to stay and insurers need to work out how to successfully operationalize this into new ways or working

Flexibility is the most important factor for employees and there is a need to understand what this looks like to attract and retain

Understanding and integrating DEI into flexibility will be a core component in ensuring sustainable ways of working

Understanding the lived experience of hybrid model and flexibility a is key get right for the coming months, especially when trying to attract new talent to market

